CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A method for management of directly connected optical components, comprising:

receiving a source optical signal for communication to an optical network, the source optical signal comprising one or more source channels;

monitoring optical traffic communicated on the optical network to determine one or more network channels in which the optical traffic is communicated;

determining network channel information of the one or more network channels; and communicating, to the optical network, channels of the one or more source channels that do not interfere with any of the one or more network channels and preventing from communication, to the optical network, channels of the one or more source channels that interfere with any of the one or more network channels; and

wherein the network channel information of the one or more network channels comprises identification of wavelengths associated with the one or more network channels.

- 2. (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising blocking from communication to the optical network any of the one or more source channels that interfere with any of the one or more network channels.
- 3. (Original) The method of Claim 2, wherein blocking from communication to the optical network any of the one or more source channels that interfere with any of the one or more network channels comprises controlling one or more filters to block from communication to the optical network any of the one or more source channels that interfere with any of the one or more network channels.
- 4. (Original) The method of Claim 3, wherein controlling one or more filters to block from communication to the optical network any of the one or more source channels that interfere with any of the one or more network channels comprises tuning one or more tunable filters.

- 5. (Original) The method of Claim 1, further comprising switching the one or more source channels to a channel monitor to determine source channel information of the one or more source channels.
- 6. (Original) The method of Claim 5, further comprising determining from the network channel information and the source channel information whether any of the one or more source channels interferes with any of the one or more network channels.
- 7. (Original) The method of Claim 6, further comprising controlling one or more optical switches to communicate to the optical network channels of the one or more source channels that do not interfere with any of the one or more network channels.
- 8. (Original) The method of Claim 5, wherein the source channel information of the one or more source channels comprises identification of wavelengths associated with the one or more source channels.
 - 9. (Canceled)

10. (Currently Amended) A system for management of directly connected optical components, comprising:

an in-service monitor coupled to an optical network, the in-service monitor operable to:

monitor optical traffic communicated on the optical network, the optical traffic comprising one or more network channels;

determine network channel information of the one or more network channels; and

communicate the network channel information to a network control coupled to the in-service monitor;

one or more filters coupled to a source and to the network control, each filter operable to:

receive one or more source channels of a source optical signal; and block from communication to the optical network one or more of the received one or more source channels;-and

the network control operable to control the one or more filters to block any of the one or more source channels that interfere with any of the one or more network channels; and

wherein the network channel information of the one or more network channels comprises identification of wavelengths associated with the one or more network channels.

11. (Original) The system of Claim 10, wherein:
the one or more filters comprise one or more tunable filters; and
the network control is operable to tune the one or more tunable filters to block
any of the one or more source channels that interfere with any of the one or more network
channels.

12. (Canceled)

13. (Original) A system for management of directly connected optical components, comprising:

an in-service monitor coupled to an optical network, the in-service monitor operable to:

monitor optical traffic communicated on the optical network, the optical traffic comprising one or more network channels;

determine network channel information of the one or more network channels; and

communicate the network channel information to a network control coupled to the in-service monitor;

a channel monitor coupled to the network control, the channel monitor operable to:
receive one or more source channels of a source optical signal;
determine source channel information of the one or more source channels; and
communicate the source channel information to the network control; and
the network control operable to:

determine from the network channel information and the source channel information if any of the one or more source channels interferes with any of the one or more network channels; and

communicate to the optical network channels of the one or more source channels that do not interfere with any of the one or more network channels.

14. (Original) The system of Claim 13:

further comprising one or more optical switches, each optical switch operable to:

receive a respective channel of the one or more source channels; and

switchably communicate the respective channel to either the channel monitor
or the optical network; and

wherein the network control is operable to control the one or more optical switches to communicate to the optical network channels of the one or more source channels that do not interfere with any of the one or more network channels.

- 15. (Original) The system of Claim 13, wherein the source channel information of the one or more source channels comprises identification of wavelengths associated with the one or more source channels.
- 16. (Original) The system of Claim 13, wherein the network channel information of the one or more network channels comprises identification of wavelengths associated with the one or more network channels.